

This checklist is designed to help your organisation achieve compliance with the **Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA).** It covers essential areas and tasks to prepare your infrastructure and operations for regulatory demands.

Adapt this checklist according to your organisation's size, structure, and risk exposure.

Instructions:

- Review each section and its corresponding tasks thoroughly.
- Use the checkbox to mark each task upon completion.
- Utilise the "Notes" section to document any critical insights or specific conditions encountered during the task execution.

DORA Focus Areas

1. ICT Risk Management

Inventory: Confirm the existence of a detailed inventory covering all ICT components including hardware, software, networks, and cloud services.
Risk Assessments: Ensure risk assessments are periodically conducted to identify, analyse, and prioritise system vulnerabilities and threats.
Risk Controls: Implement and maintain robust controls like firewalls, access controls, and encryption to safeguard against ICT risks.
Incident Reporting: Establish and disseminate clear procedures for reporting ICT-related incidents.
Disaster Recovery: Maintain an up-to-date and tested disaster recovery plan that aligns with organisationa resilience goals.
Notes:



2.	Incident Management					
	Classification Criteria: Define and standardise criteria for the classification of ICT incidents based on their severity and impact.					
	Communication Protocols: Set up formal communication protocols to ensure timely escalation and reporting of ICT incidents.					
	Incident Response Procedures: Document and regularly update procedures for the effective management of ICT incidents.					
	Incident Response Testing: Regularly schedule incident response drills to test and improve team readiness and procedural efficacy.					
	Notes:					
3.	Reporting					
	Reporting Requirements: Clearly understand and document the reporting obligations under DORA, including the types of incidents that must be reported and the authorities involved.					
	Reporting Processes: Develop and implement efficient processes for the timely and accurate reporting of incidents and breaches to meet regulatory timelines.					
	Notes:					
4.	Governance and Oversight					
	Roles and Responsibilities: Clearly delineate and communicate the roles and responsibilities associated with DORA compliance within your organisation.					
	DORA Compliance Program: Ensure there is a dedicated program for DORA compliance, complete with allocated resources and authority.					
	Risk Management Integration: Seamlessly integrate DORA compliance requirements into your existing risk management frameworks to enhance governance.					
	Compliance Reviews: Regularly perform comprehensive reviews and updates to the DORA compliance program to adapt to evolving regulations and organisational changes.					



Notes:
Third-Party Risk Management Third-Party Identification: Compile and regularly update a list of all third-party ICT service providers upon
whom your organisation relies. Third-Party Risk Assessments: Regularly conduct detailed risk assessments to evaluate the security
measures and compliance posture of third-party vendors. Contractual Safeguards: Ensure that contracts with third-party vendors include clauses mandating compliance with DORA.
Third-Party Monitoring: Implement ongoing monitoring strategies to detect and manage risks associated with third-party ICT service providers.
Notes:



This checklist serves as a foundational tool to guide your organisation toward DORA compliance. Regularly revisiting and updating this checklist will ensure that your compliance efforts are effective and up-to-date.

Date:		



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